Drama - Text in Practice | Year 11 | September - October

Techniques and Stagecraft				Core Skills				Physical	, Voc	al, and Relational skills
1	Theatre Etiquette	How to behave in a Theatre	1	Focus	Able to concent performance	rate in a	1	Pitch	How h	igh or low your voice
2	Auditorium	Where the audience sit	2	Control	Able to manage and body	your use of voice	2	Pace	How fa	ast or slow you speak
3	Stage	Area for performing	3	Projection	Sending your vo	oice to the	3	Pause	A mon	nent of silence
4	Off Stage and	Area at back or sides of	4	Collaboration	audience Communicating	and working well	4	Tone	The er	motion of speech
	Back Stage	the stage where acting is not occuring			with others			Volume	How lo	oud your performance voice sounds
5	Wings	Entrances and exits from		Tex	t Technique	Techniques Techniques		Emphasis	Which words are stressed	
3	Wiligs	an 'end on' or 'Proscenium' stage	1	lambic Pentameter	The 'heartbea	The 'heartbeat' rhythm of verse		Body Language	Using your body to express feeling or character	
5	Starting Closing	Where you start and end	2	Beat	A unit of action	A unit of action in a play		Facial	Using your face to express a feeling or thought	
	Positions	a performance	3 Objective and Intention		•	What your character wants and why		Expression		
6	Neutral	A still and silent position that communicates as	4	Given Circumstance	The situation	The situation a character is in What would you do in this situation				g a balanced and solid physical position which to perform
		little as possible	5	Magic if	•			Gesture	Using hands and arms to communicate	
7	Narrator	A single Actor telling the story directly to an audience	6	Method of physical action		ional Memory to nance believable	11	Level	Using height to communicate	
8	Character/Role	The person or thing you	7	Actioning		To make dialogue an action to 'do' something to another Where your character is focused		Gait	The individual way someone walks	
		are playing	8	Circles of Attention	Where your cl			Eye Contact	Interacting with another character or the audience. (Could include avoiding eye contact)	
9	Chorus	A group of actors speaking at the same				14	Touch	A way	of speaking in a local area or country.	
		time as 'one voice'		Sta	ge Direction	Directions		Proximity	Using distance to communicate.	
10	Choreography	Planned movement	Up-	Stage Right	Up-Stage	Up-Stage Left		Stage layouts		
11	Tableau	An image created by actors to tell a story			Centre	op ouigo zon	1	End on	Audience on one side	
12	Mime	To represent actions or	Stage Right C		Centre Stage	tre Stage Stage-Left		Thrust		Audience on three sides
		objects with your body			D 01	Down-Stage Left	2	Traverse		Audience on two sides
13	Transition	How you move from one part of performance to	Right		Down-Stage Centre		4	In the Round		Audience in a circle
		another			Audience	Audience		Proscenium A	rch	End on but with an arch over the stage